

Part C: Words often confused

1. a.) look back 回顧

Example: Don't look back to the past, look ahead for the future.

- b.) look behind 回望

Example: Look behind; you'll see a pretty girl.

2. Turn Over 翻頁 (v.) to page 4, 5.

Turnover (n.) of a company 收入

Overturn (v.) 反轉 = Turn upside down

Example: The car overturned on the highway

3. A family man = The one who is responsible for the family 顧家

A man from the family = The one who comes from a noble family 出身名門

Students should beware of the use of expressions and sentence structure, then they can speak and write good English.

Remember “Funk (不怕畏懼) or you'll flunk (失敗)”